

Key Elements of College Financial Fit

Thank You!

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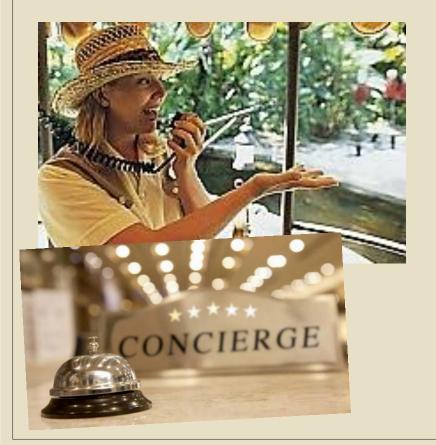


- The Ohio State University, MA in School Counseling
- Granville High School (9 years)
 - UCLA, Certificate of College Counseling (2013)
- Estrela Consulting (2 years)

Amber Gilsdorf

Independent College Consultant





- Guide students & families through the entire college search & application process.
- Anticipate & respond to specific needs of the family & student.

Amber Gilsdorf

My story...pre-financial health

- Undergrad @ State School = \$55,000 debt (approx.)
- Grad School @ The Ohio State University = \$10,000 debt (approx.)
- Loan Repayment Total = 72,000 (approx.)
- Starting Salary @ Granville = \$41,000
- Paid Off = 3 years post-OSU graduation (but not without sacrifice!)

Most Families...







The Elements of Financial Fit

- Family Financial Health
- Major & Career Choice



- o Institution-Specific Financial Aid Policies
- Value-Added Programs
- Financial Health of the Institution

Element 1: Financial Health of the Family

• EFC Calculator

• Simulates a close approximation of the EFC determined by both Federal and Institutional Methodologies.

Need-Based vs. Merit-Based vs. Combo

 Qualify for need-based one year, but perhaps not the next, and vice versa.

Prior-Prior Year

- Use tax information for the tax year that ends in December of the college-bound student's junior year.
- Or subtract 2 from the year student will start college to determine tax information used.

Element 1:

Financial Health of the Family

2018 Taxes



Prior Prior Year

Starts ____

college in 2020

Jr. Yr. HS	Sep.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
Sr. Yr. HS	Sep.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
Fr. Yr. College	Sep.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
So. Yr. College	Sep.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
Jr. Yr. College	Sep.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
Sr. Yr. College	Sep.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.

Element 1: Financial Health of the Family

• Parent Questionnaire

o Indicate budget, veteran's benefits, other benefits, college savings, financial goals for child, and family strategy for paying

Financial Planning Meeting

• *Goal:* Establish how much is being paid out of pocket in the worst case scenario of no "free" money (scholarships or grants) at all.



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Element 1: Financial Health of the Family

Р	'areı	nt's Assets <i>EXAMPLE</i>	
	1	Total of cash, savings, checking?	\$1 NES
	2	Amounts of 529/Other Educational Savings lan?	\$30,372
(3	Net worth of investments (excletite fall real es)?	\$101,000
	4	Estimated at a city or other rear estate (not your principal sidence)	\$500,000
VI	C	N worth of parent's assets held in children's name?	\$0
		Home Ownership	
-	7	Do you own or rent your home? (If rent, skip the questions in this section. If own, answer all questions in this section.)	Own
8	8	Estimated market value of principal residence?	\$350,000
(9	If you own your home, what is the remaining balance of your mortgage?	\$30,000

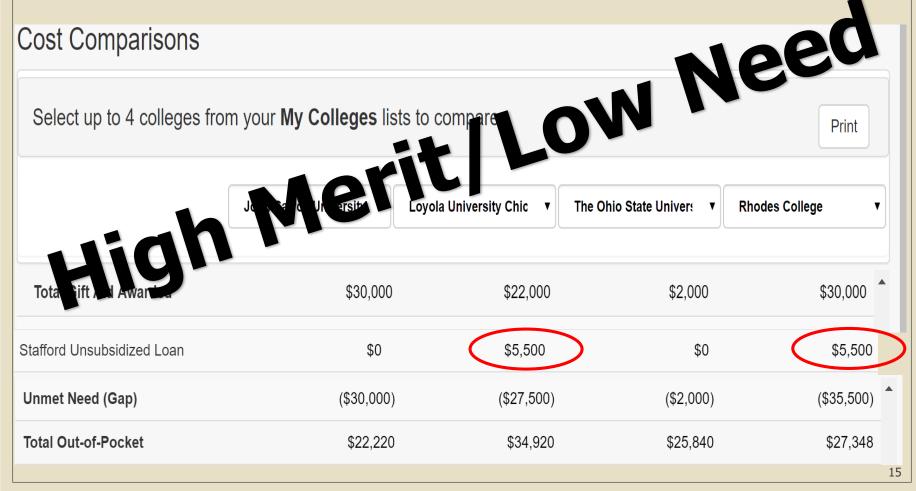
Institution-Specific Financial Aid Policy

- o Public vs. Private & In-State vs. Out-of-State
 - Public In-State \$\$\$ < Public Out-of-State \$\$\$ Exceptions:
 - o Out-of-State Student Incentives @ Public
 - Alabama, Eastern Kentucky, Western Carolina, Kentucky
 - Reciprocity
 - Eastern Michigan, Michigan State, West Virginia, IUPUI
 - Private Out-of-State \$\$\$ (could be) = Private In-State \$\$\$
 - And sometimes...very close to (or less costly than) Public In-State!

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Institution-Specific Financial Aid Policy

EXAMPLE



Institution-Specific Financial Aid Policy

- ODoes the school only provide need-based aid?
 - What % of demonstrated need is met?
- Opes the school offer a mix of merit & need-based aid?
 - What % of need met?
 - What % of students receive merit aid?
 - What is the average merit aid amount?



Institution-Specific Financial Aid Policy

· Low Loan Schools:

- Meets 100% of your <u>demonstrated</u> financial need, but part of that offer may include loans (so still meeting all need, but have a few loans in there)
 - Family still pays EFC
 - Funding gap is met through small loans
 - Extra financial aid forms @ these schools
 - Brown, Dartmouth, Duke, Haverford,
 Northwestern, Vassar, Wash U (& more)

Institution-Specific Financial Aid Policy



• No Loan Schools:

- 100% of <u>demonstrated</u> financial need without making the student take out loans, regardless of family income (less than 30 schools).
 - Still usually pay EFC
 - Funding gap is met through institutional grants, scholarships, etc.
 - Extra financial aid forms @ these schools!
 - Amherst, Chicago, Davidson, Harvard (family income up to \$260,000), Vanderbilt, etc.

Institution-Specific Financial Aid Policy

Merit Opportunities:

- o Review the financial aid website at each school
 - Are there many scholarship options?
 - o Are scholarships awarded based on need also? Or just merit?
 - Ooes the school "stack" merit awards on top of need-based grants?
 - Transparent grids/charts?
 - o EX: Miami
 - Take note on designated GPA and/or test scores for some scholarships
 - This may come in handy when deciding whether or not to test again or stay motivated through HS

Institution-Specific Financial Aid Policy

Miami

Fall 2019 Merit Scholarships

Test Score*	High School GPA (4.00 scale)	Ohio Resident Scholarship Range [†]
ACT: 33+ SAT: 1450+	3.50+	Half to Full Tuition \$32,000–\$64,000 (\$8,000–\$16,000 Annually)
ACT: 30-32 SAT: 1360-1440	3.50+	\$20,000–\$48,000 (\$5,000–\$12,000 Annually)
ACT: 28-29 SAT: 1300-1350	3.50+	\$8,000-\$32,000 (\$2,000-\$8,000 Annually)
ACT: 27 SAT: 1260–1290	3.50+	\$4,000–\$12,000 (\$1,000–\$3,000 Annually)

Institution-Specific Financial Aid Policy

The importance of the *financial* continuum

Schools wherein student is likely to receive high amount of merit aid &/or need-based aid and/or COA is absolutely in range for family to have no difficulty funding any of the gap out-of-pocket.

Schools wherein student is likely to receive *some* amount of merit aid &/or need-based aid and COA is in family range to fund some of the gap comfortably with some borrowing too.

Schools wherein student is *less* likely to receive any merit aid but may receive *some* needbased aid. COA is usually high enough wherein family will need to fund the gap with more borrowing.



Institution-Specific Financial Aid Policy

EFC Calculator

EXAMPLE

Who Can See This Survey



Introducing a new way to look at college affordability – the EFC Calculator from GuidedPath! Funding college is not a one size fits all proposition. Families need to know how their unique family situation fits into the financial aid process. The EFC Calculator is an Expected Family Contribution (EFC) calculator that takes each family's unique situation in account to generate a specialized strategy for reducing college costs. Proven effective, families have used these strategies for over twenty years to be pro-active when in financial plans for college. Learn more about how the EFC Calculator survey is designed to help families under the down to be for their child's college education. The EFC Calculator identifies families as being in one of three categories are active to the provided to families, giving them an opportunity to plan and maximize college.

EFC EFC Categories EFC Strategies Summary Survey Progress

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2018-2019 Expected ray live on 12-40n (FM: \$11,416 IM: \$14,805)

Incomennem	Federal (FM)	Institutional (IM)	
Parent Income Contribution	\$3,250	\$0	
Parent Asset Contribution	\$7,967	\$12,555	
Student Income Contribution	\$0	\$2,000	
Student Asset Contribution	\$200	\$250	
Expected Family Contribution	\$11,416	\$14,805	
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Institution-Specific Financial Aid Policy

EXAMPLE

- ∘ Goucher College COA = \$63,618/yr.
 - Use federal methodology (FAFSA only)
 - Combo financial policy of merit-based and need-based
 - o 27% of students receive merit scholarships averaging \$19,581
 - o On average Goucher meets 84% of demonstrated need (CollegeBoard.org)
 - Average need-based financial aid package = \$43,850
 - **Student's EFC** = 11,416
 - Institutional Grant = \$11,700
 - Work Study = \$2,000
 - Merit Aid = \$31,000

Net Price = \$18,918/yr.

Element 3: Major & Career Choice

- Projected Cost of Attendance relative to projected earnings & demand for skills
 - **Student** = 3.7 GPA, 30 ACT, 3 AP classes
 - Goucher Net Price (out of pocket after "free money") = \$75,672 (all 4 years)
 - **Money from 529 Plan = \$69,000**
 - **Possibly Borrow** = \$6,672 (over 4 years)

• Average Starting Salary:

- Teacher = \$35,249 (in Ohio)
- Engineer = \$71,153
- \circ Lawyer = \$68,880
- \circ Dancer = \$23,000

- Civil Servant = \$25,871 (Federal)
- \circ Actuary = \$66,794
- \circ Nurse = \$57,436



Net Price – Savings/Cash Flow = Funding Gap

Funding Gap is usually filled with student loans. [⊗] Do NOT borrow more than 1st yr. salary

Element 3: Major & Career Choice

Other considerations:

- Tuition increases (3-4%/yr.)
- Required schooling for field of study
 - o Graduate school, Professional school, etc.
 - Additional training
- Hidden costs for field of study (i.e. How expensive is your major?)
 - o Art & Design
 - Engineering
 - Music
 - Exams (MCAT, LSAT, PRAXIS, GRE & the cost to prep and register)
- Cooperative Learning Experiences (Co-op)
 - Usually paid work experiences (but not much)
 - o Still owe a fee to the university while paying for living expenses



Element 4: Value-Added Programs

• Athletics @ the DIII level

• Cannot provide scholarships, but the opportunity/experience of continuing one's sport may be worth the net cost.

o Specialty Schools (e.g. Conservatory, Art, Film, Fashion, etc.)

 Caliber of instructors, laser focus on chosen discipline, exposure to experts/field professionals

5 year Major with Required Co-Ops

o Drexel, Northeastern, Cincinnati (Engineering)

Learning Support Programs

- Muskingum University
- High Point University
- Marist College



Element 4: Value-Added Programs

Greek Life

- \$700-\$1500/semester
- o Costs of t-shirts, fundraising, events, food, gifts, etc.

Programs for Undecided Majors

• Usually no extra cost, but the COA of the school itself may be more. Tradeoff for the greater counseling and support to explore options.



Element 5: Financial Health of the Institution

• Endowment

- National Center for Education Statistics (NCES)
- The Chronicle
- o Inside Higher Education
- Forbes

Average Student Indebtedness

o Money put towards gift aid (or not)

Graduation Rates & Outcomes Data

 Resources (money and personnel) put toward advising and preparatory programs.





Element 6: Bonus Elements!

- AP course credit
- Honors Programs
- Holidays & birthdays
- Summer jobs
- Off-campus living (with roommates)

- Resident Advisor
 - Applications start early (fall semester for the next year)
- ° "Fast Track" programs
- Upperclassmen scholarships (departmental & school)

Questions?

Thank you!



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